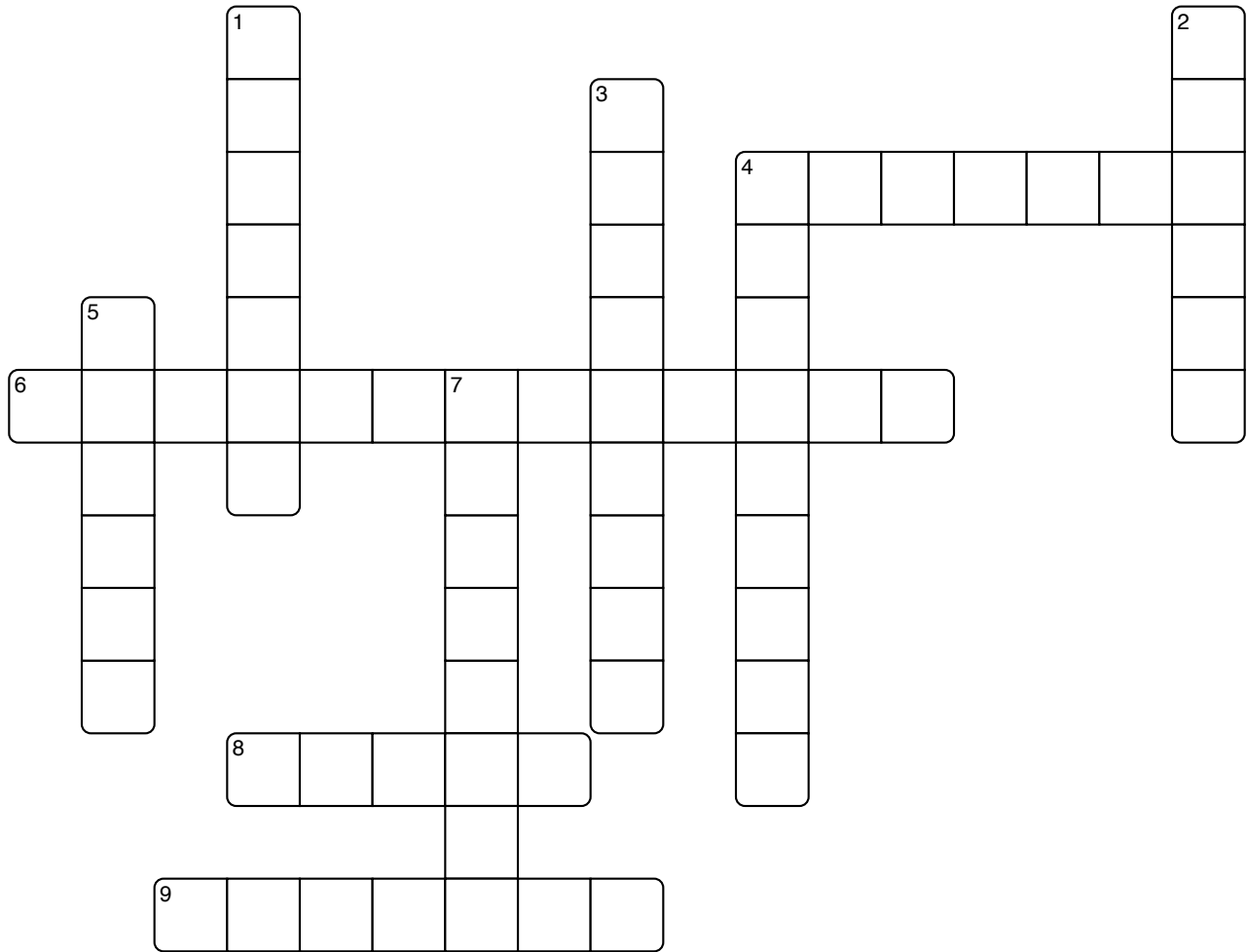


Teacher's pack
Science for School in
Teelings's Bat Lab

Crosswords: hints and answers

Protein synthesis



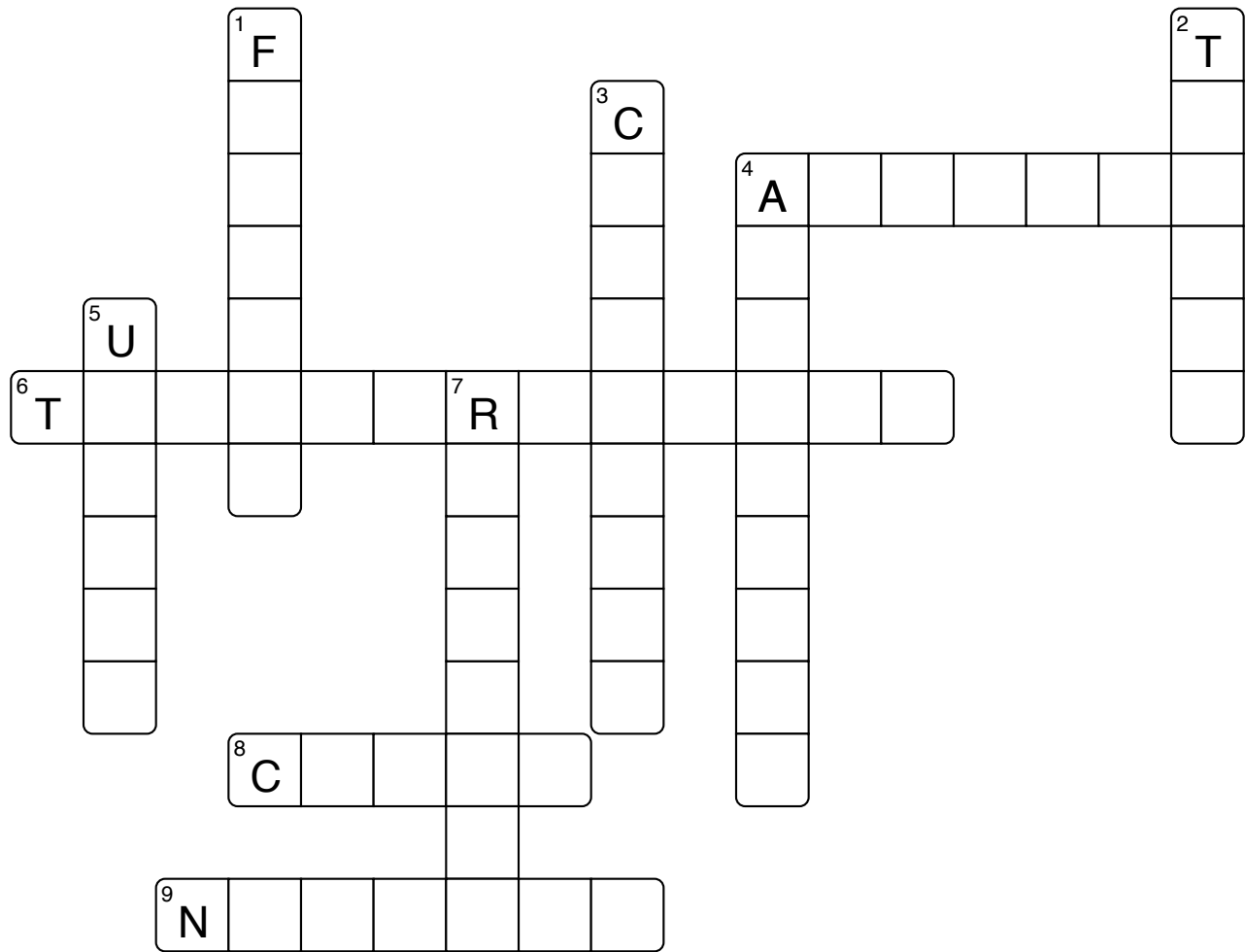
Across

4. The name of the base which is complementary to Uracil on RNA.
6. The process where the genetic code gets transferred from one nucleic acid to another.
8. A group of 3 nucleotides-Hint: START & STOP
9. The site where initiation and translation occur.

Down

1. The last stage in protein synthesis.
2. The number of amino acids.
3. The place in the cell where you find tRNA.
4. The opposite to codon.
5. The base unique to RNA.
7. An organelle which is made up of two units.

Protein synthesis (with Hints)



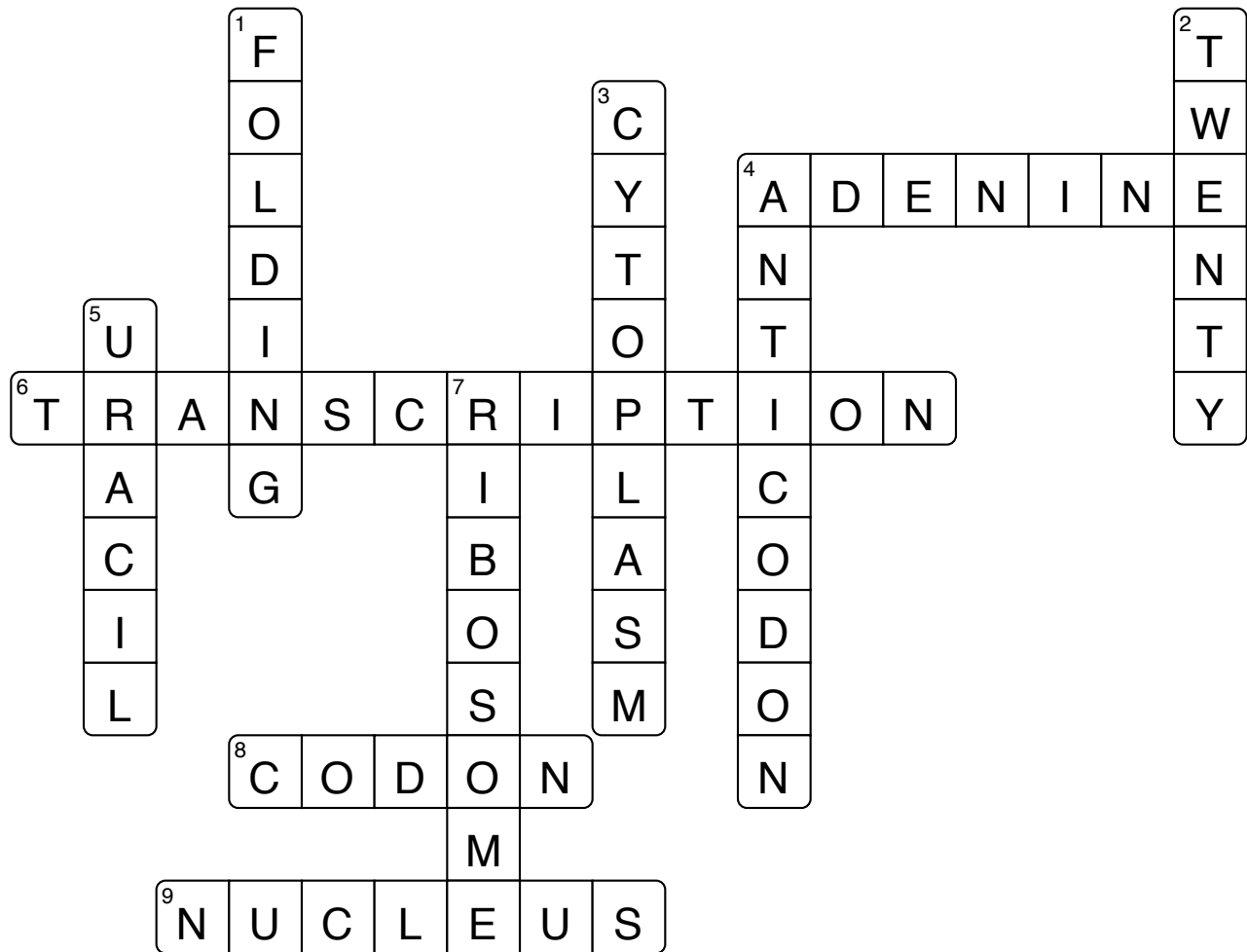
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Protein synthesis (Answer Key)



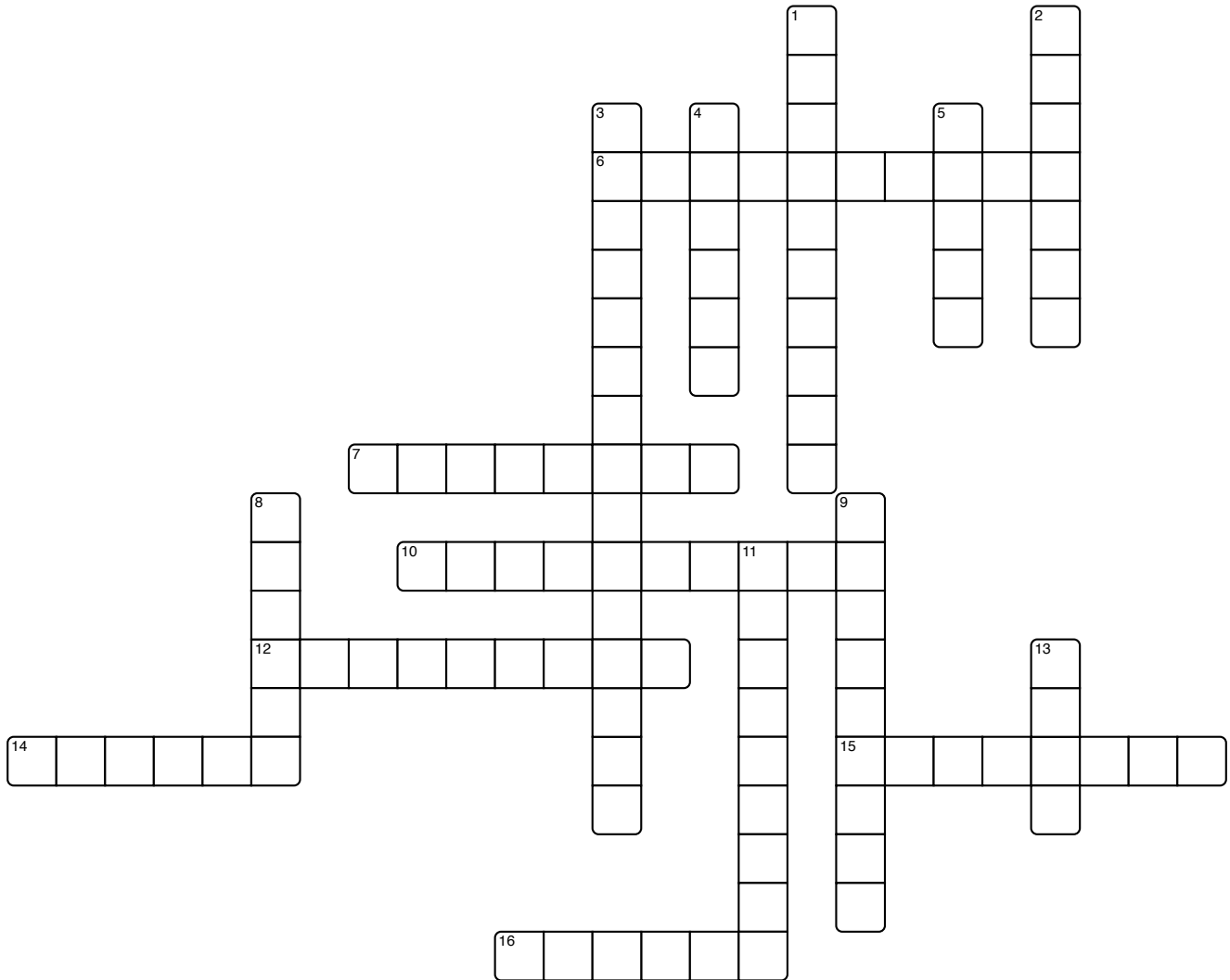
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Evolution



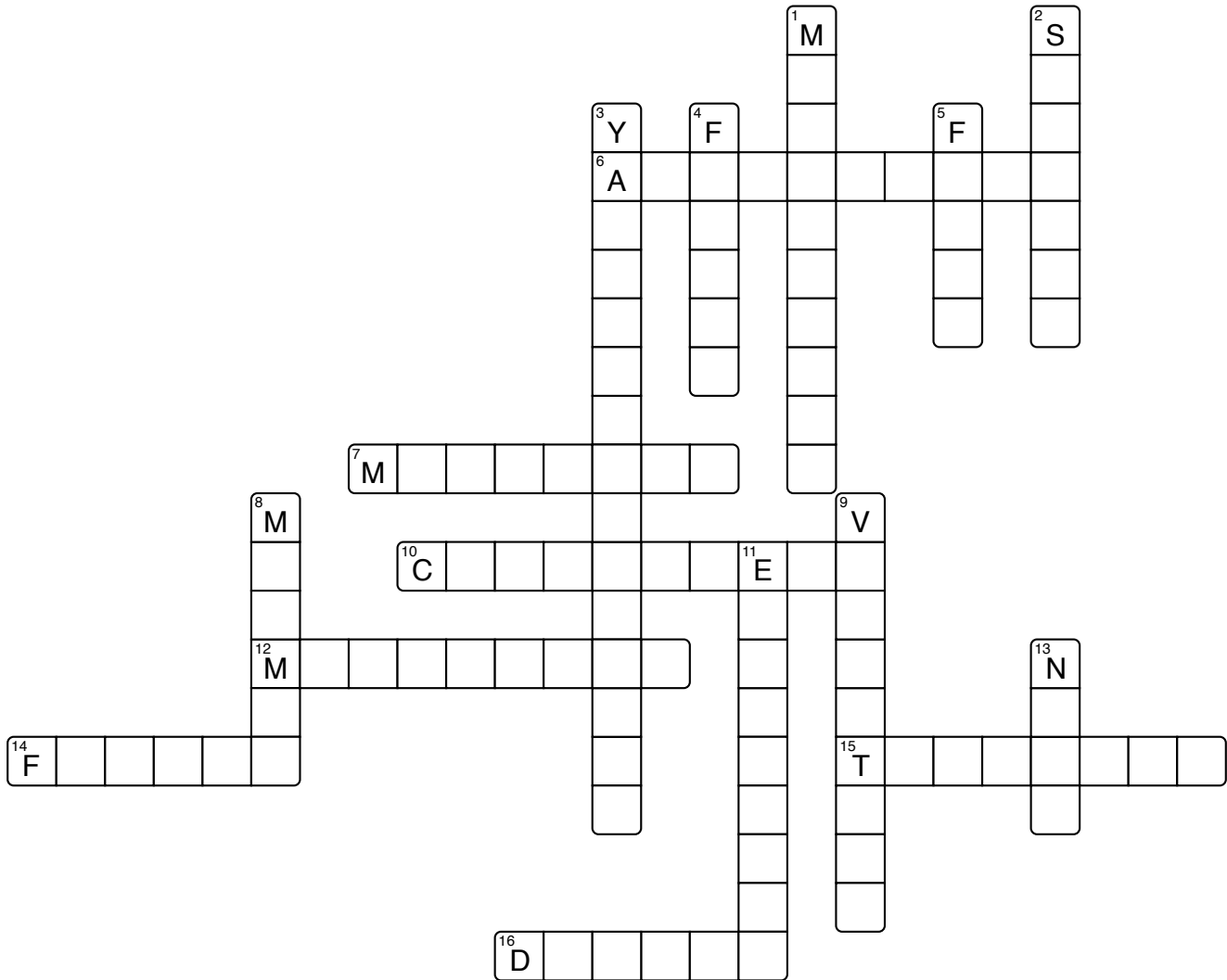
Across

6. Another name for Geographic Isolation.
7. A cause of genetic variation.
10. Means 'Hand-Wing'
12. The only type of bats in Ireland.
14. Compressed dead plant and animal remains.
15. The study of classification.
16. The father of evolution.

Down

1. Study of structure (bones, teeth etc).
2. A group of similar organisms capable of interbreeding to form fertile offspring
3. MicroBats belong to this sub-order.
4. A trait which evolved before echolocation.
5. Megabats eat these.
8. Bats belong to this group.
9. genetic _____ essential for evolution.
11. This will not occur unless there is genetic variation.
13. The number of resident bat species in Ireland.

Evolution (with Hints)



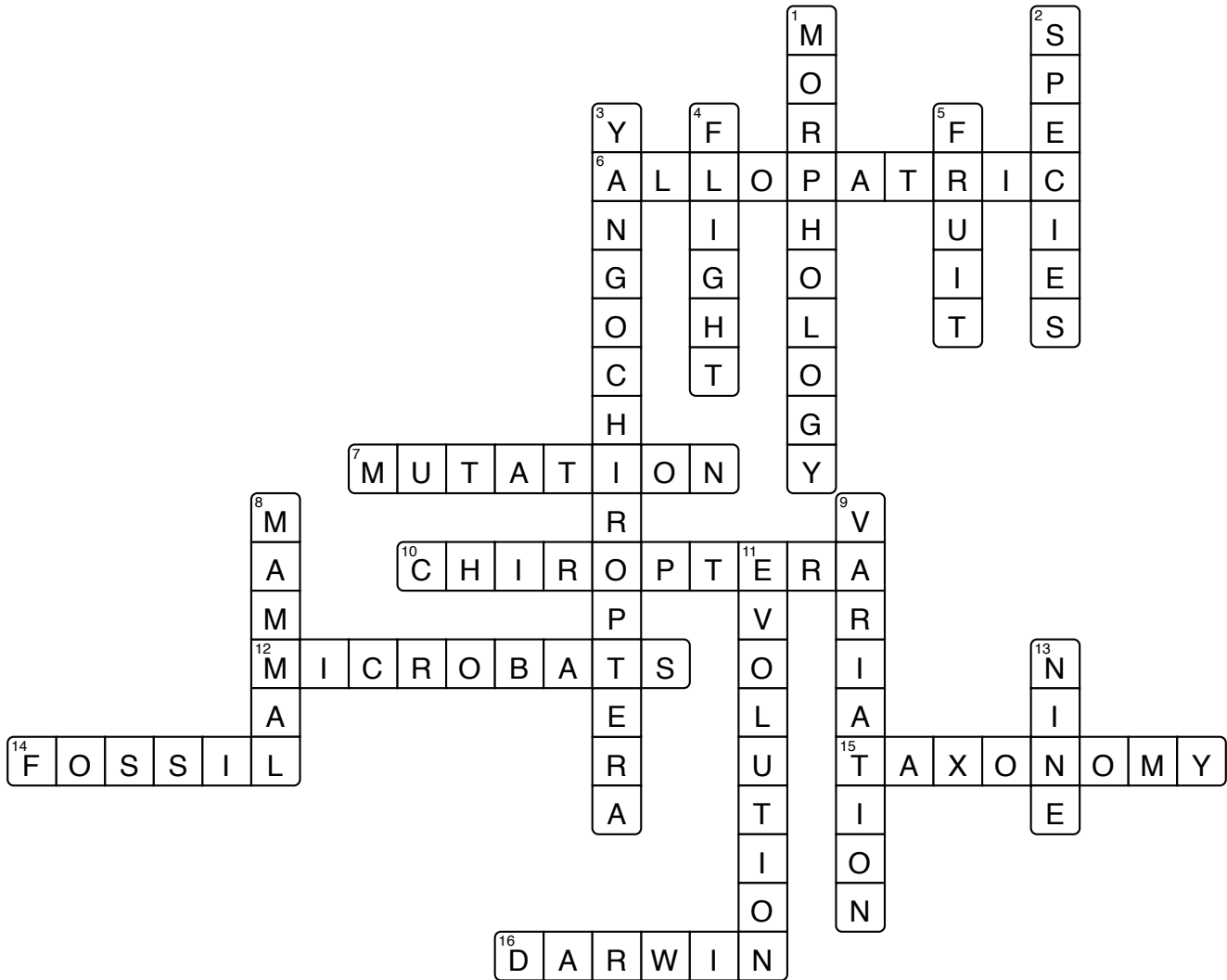
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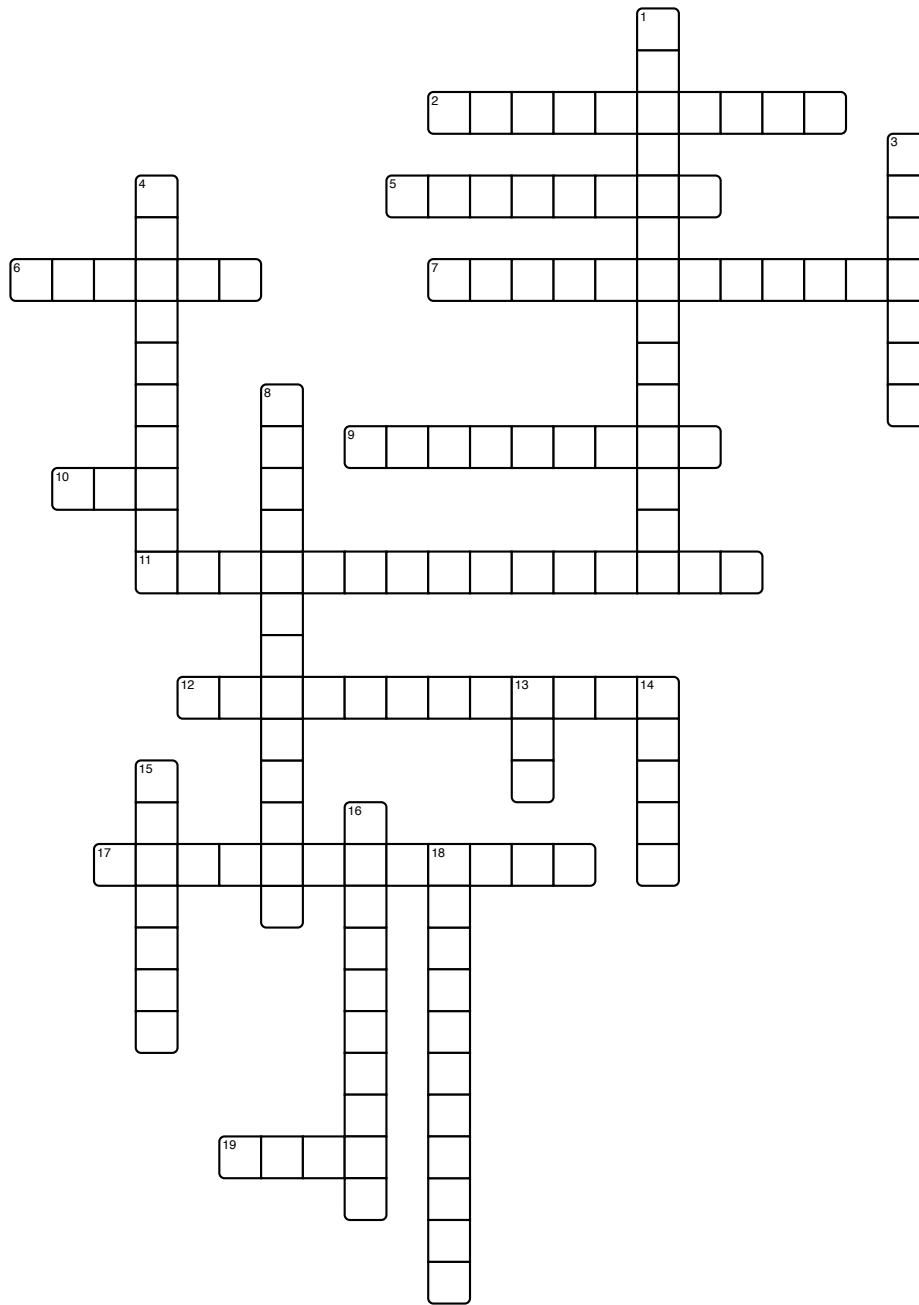
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Bat Lab



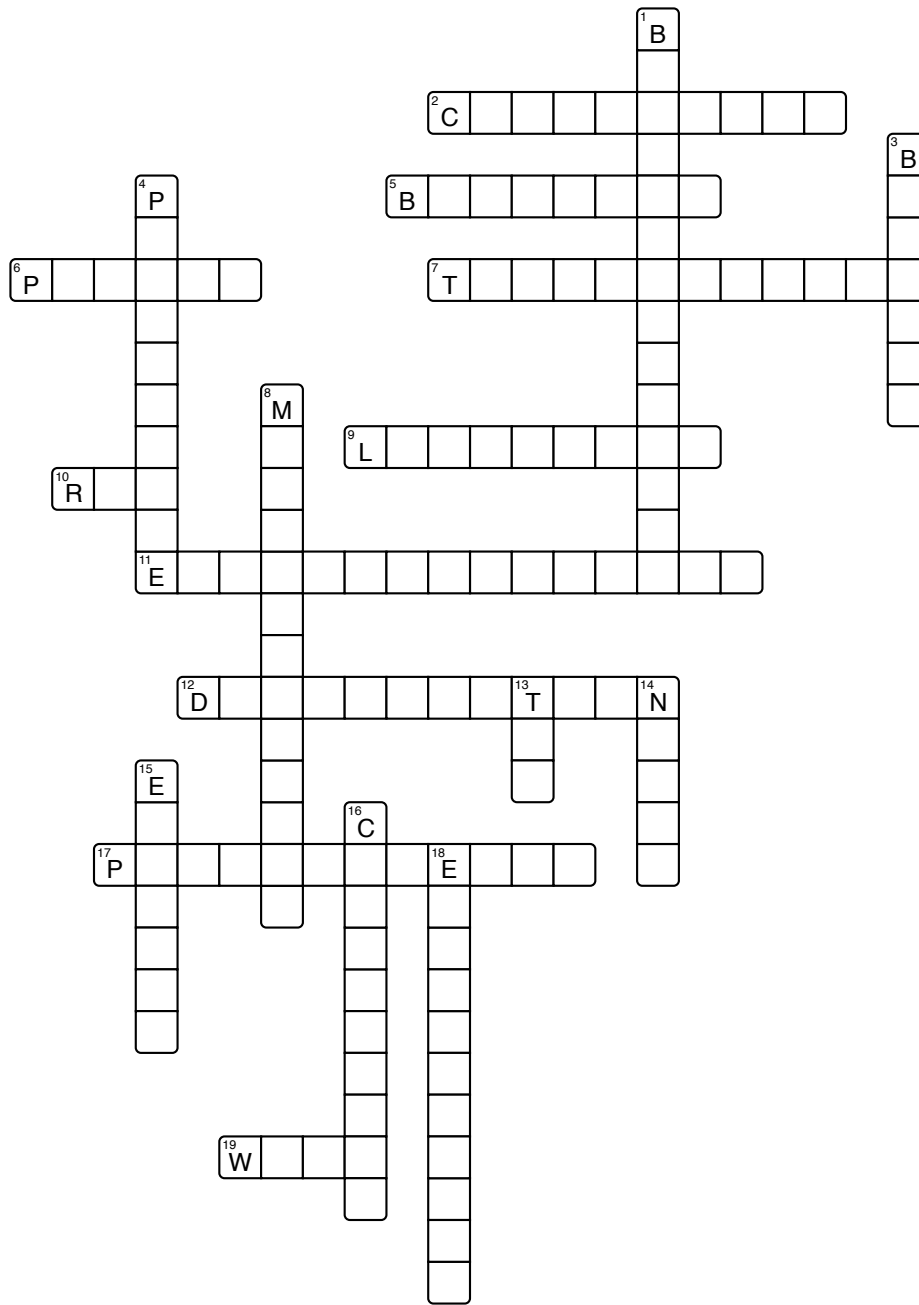
Across

2. Chemical used in DNA purification-used as anaesthesia in bygone times.
5. An area of France where there are many bats.
6. What DNA looks like when centrifuged with ethanol.
7. Loves high temperatures.
9. A trait which bats have and we long for.
10. Single stranded nucleic acid.
11. Separating DNA fragments using electricity and gel.
12. The first stage in PCR.
17. Another name for a gene tree.
19. A part of bat where tissue samples are taken.

Down

1. Computer analysis of genetic sequences.
3. DNA _____, created using part of the CO 1 gene sequence to identify species.
4. A type of enzyme used in PCR.
8. Organelle with DNA-useful in examining DNA changes.
13. Enzyme used in stage step 3 of PCR.
14. The prize the inventor of PCR was awarded.
15. DNA is insoluble in this.
16. Machine which spins samples, used in separation.
18. Causes the DNA to move up the gel in electrophoresis.

Bat Lab (with Hints)



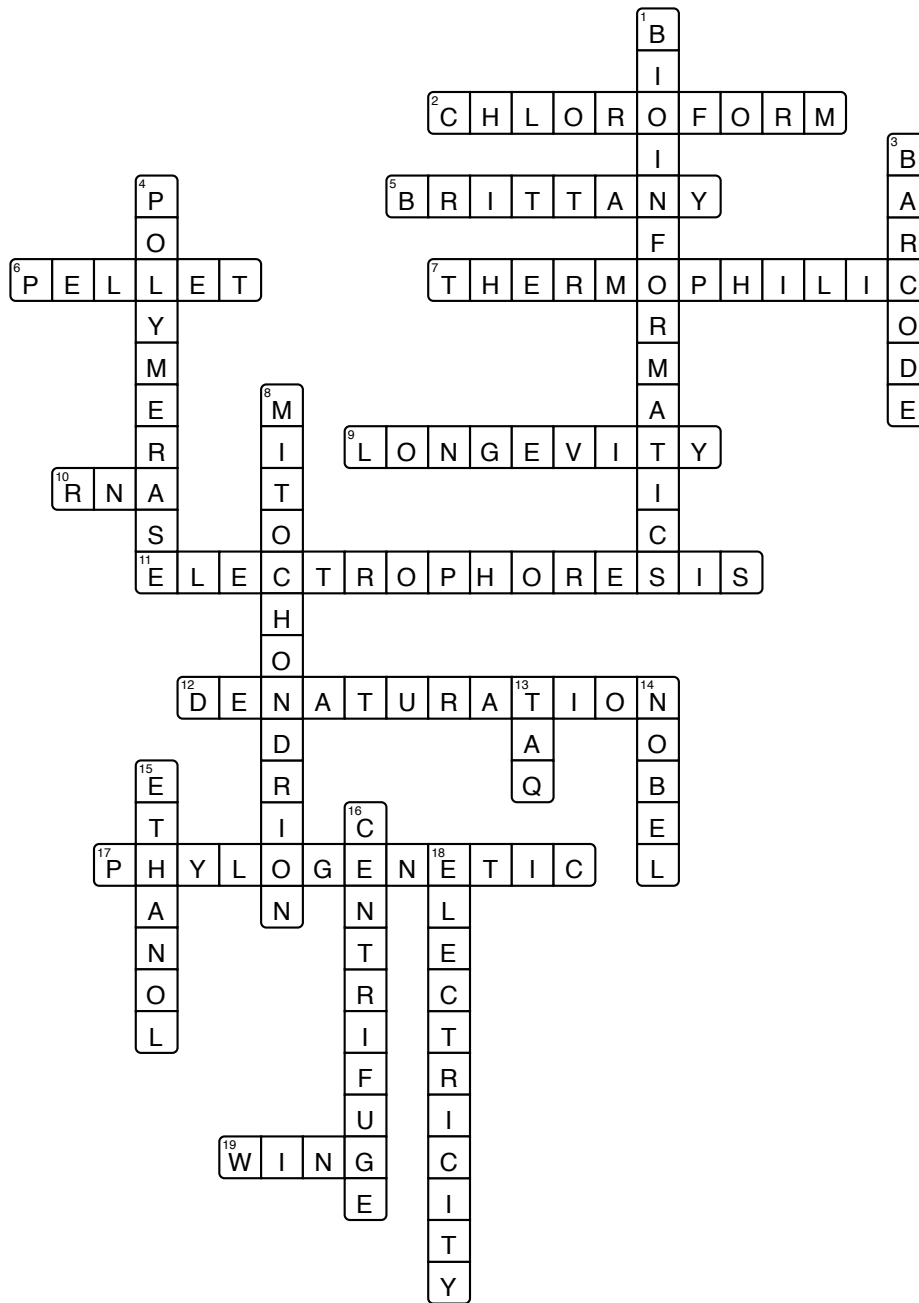
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**DNA sequences in FASTA
format:
Section 3**

Section 3.1.

Please note that blast and other DNA analysis tools require the following format to be used while pasting the sequences for alignments:

> **(Greater than) NAME (name of the sequence)**
sequence (As, Ts, Gs, Cs)

> *Myotis brandtii* cytochrome b (cytb) gene

```
ATGACCAACATTTCGAAAATCTCACCCCTTAATAAAAATTATTAACAGCTCATTTATTGACCTCCCTG
CCC
CATCAAACATTTTCATCTTGATGAAACTTTGGATCTCTCCTAGGAATTTGCTTAGCACTACAAATTTT
AAC
AGGACTATTTCTAGCTATACACTACACATCAGACACCACAACAGCTTTTAACTCTGTCACCCATAT
TTGC
CGAGATGTAAACTATGGTTGAGTTCTACGCTACTTGCATGCAAATGGAGCCTCCATATTTTTTATC
TGCC
TATATCTCCATGTAGGACGGGGCCTTTACTATGGGTCTATATATACAGAAACCTGAAATATCG
GAGT
TATTCTATTATTTGCTGTAATAGCAACAGCCTTTATAGGATATGTACTTCCATGAGGACAAATGTCT
TTC
TGAGGAGCAACAGTAATTACCAACCTGCTCTCTGCAATTCCGTACATTGGAACAGACCTTGTAGA
ATGAA
TCTGAGGCGGCTTCTCTGTTGACAAAGCTACTTTGACCCGATTCTTTGCCTTTCACTTTTTACTCC
CATT
TATTATTGCAGCCATAGTCATAGTCCACCTCCTATTTCTTCACGAAACCGGATCCAATAACCCAAC
AGGA
ATCCCCTCCAACGCTGATATAATCCCCTTCCACCCCTACTATACAATTAAGACATTCTTGGCCTG
CTAT
TAATAATTACAGTCCTACTCATACTAGTACTATTCTCCCCGACCTGCTAGGAGACCCTGACAAC
ACAC
ACCAGCGAACCCACTAAACACCCCTCCCATATCAAACCGGAATGGTACTTTTTATTTCGCATATG
CAATT
CTACGATCAATTCCAAACAACTAGGAGGAGTGTTAGCCCTAGTACTATCAATCCTTATTCTAATT
ATCA
TTCCCCTACTCCACACCTCCAAACAACGCAGCATAACTTTTCGTCCCTTAAGCCAGTGCCTATTCT
GACT
ATTAACAGCAGATCTATTCACTCTAACATGAATCGGAGGACAGCCCGTCAACATCCATATGTCA
TCATT
GGCCAACCTAGCATCAATTCTTTATTTTTCTATTATCATTATCCTAATACCACTTATTAGCCTGATAG
AGA
ACCACCTACTAAAATGAAGA
```

Section 3.1 Student task: what do bats eat?

>gene from unknown bat food 1

```
TTTACATCCACCATTTTCTATACAAATGAAGATGCTCTTGGCTCGACATAGTTTGTCTGTTCCATT
AGG
AATCTAATTTTTCTTAGGTTGATAGTACATGATGGAGCTCGAGCGGAAAGGATTGATTCATTTATC
AAGG
GGAAGAATCTAGGGTTAGTGCCAATCAATCAATAAGTTAGACCAGCTTTGTAAGTATATCCTTAAA
ATAT
AAAATAATCGGAATTGATAAACTATTTTCGATCAAAAAAAGTGTATCACAGAGGAATCAATTCTT
CGTA
TTCTATTTCTATGGGTATTCTATTTCTATAGAAAGAAATAAAAAAACAAGGTATGTTGCTGCCC
TTT
TGAAAGGAGTAAGGATCACCGAAGTAATGTCTAAGCCCAATGATTTTACAAAGCAAAGATAAAGG
ATTCC
```

GAAACAAGGAAACACTATTTTCAATTGTCTCAAAAATTGGATCAGAATTAGGAATAAAAATAGATT
AGAG
ATGAGACAAACAAAAGAGGTTAGAGACGGCTCAAGAAATGTCTAAGGATTTCCCTTCGAATTCTG
TCAGA
ATTACCCAACCTTGAGTTATGAGTACGAATGAAATTTATTTTTTTTTTTTTTTAGGAAGAACAAAATA
AT
AATAATGAATTAGACTATGATTTGAGTCATTATTTGTGTTACTATTTGATATTATATACAGAAAGA
TA
TACCGAAATTAATAATTTTTCTCGAGCTCGAGCCGTATGAGGAGAAAAACCTCCTATACGTTT
CTGG
GGGGGGATTGTTTATGTACATCTATCCCAATGAGCCATCTATCGAATCGT

>gene from unknown bat food 2

GGAACATCTTTAAGTATTTTAATTTCGTGCAGAACTTGGACACCCCGGGGCCTTAATTGGAAATGA
TCAAA
TTTATAACGTAATCGTAACCGCCCATGCTTTCGTAATGATTTTTTTATAGTAATACCAATCATAAT
TGG
AGGATTCGGAAATTGATTGGTTCCATTAATACTCGGAGCCCCGGATATAGCATTTCGCCGAATAA
ATAAT
ATAAGATTTTGAATACTTCCCCCTTCTTTAACATTACTTTTATTAAGCAGACTAGTTGAAAATGGGG
CTG
GGACTGTTGAACAGTCTACCCCCCTCTTTCAGCTAATATCTCCCATGCAGGAGCATCAGTCGAT
CTAGC
AATTTTTTCCTTACATCTGGCAGGTATCTCCTCTATCCTAGGGGCAGTTAATTTTATTACAACAATT
ATT
AATATACGATCCAGAGGAATTTCAATTTGATCGTATACCCTTATTTGTGTGATCTGTCCTAATTACTG
CTA
TCCTACTTTTACTATCTTTACCAGTTTTAGCCGGAGCAATCACTATACTTCTGACCGATCGAAATA
TTAA
TACTTCTTTTTTTGACCCCGCCGGAGGAGATCCCATTTTATACCAACACTTATTTTGATTTTTT
G

Section 3.2. Sequences of cytochrome b from 8 bat species. You can use these sequences or ask students to find them at <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/nuccore/> database (note that it is best to use the scientific names of the species while browsing this resource). You should copy and paste ALL the sequences at once to Clustal.

>Flying Fox cytochrome b

ATGACAAACATCCGAAAATCACACCCATTATTCAAAAATTATCAACGACTCACTAATCGACCTGCCCGCCC
CATCAAATATCTCTTTCGTGATGAAACTTCGGCTCACTTCTAGGCATCTGCCTAGCCATCCAAATCTTAAC
GGGACTATTTCCTGGCCATACACTACACTTTCGGACACAACGACCGCTTCCAATCCGTGACCCACATCTGC
CGAGACGTAAACTACGGCTGAATCCTACGTTACTTACATGCCAACGGAGCATCCATAATTTTTCATCTGTC
TATTCCCTACATGTAGGCCGAGGCCTGTATTACGGATCTTATATGTATAAAGAAAACATGAAACGTAGGTGT
TATCCTCCTATTTGCTGTAATAGCAACAGCCTTCATAGGATATGTTCTCCCATGAGGCCAAAATATCATT
TGAGGAGCAACAGTTCATCACCACCTGCTCTCAGCAATCCCCACATCGGCACAAAACCTAGTAGAATGAA
TCTGAGGGGGATTCTCAGTAGACAAAAGCTACCCTAACACGATTTTTTCGCTTTCCACTTCTCCTCCCAT
CATCATCTCCGCCCTAGTCCCTAGTCCACCTCCTCTTTCTCCACGAAAACCTGGATCAAACAACCCAACAGGA
GTCCCATCAGACTCAGACATAAATTCATTCCACCCCTACTACACAATCAAAGACATACTTGGCGCACTAG
TCATAATCCTGGCACTCCTAATACTAGTCCCTATTCTCCCCGACCTCCTAGGAGACCCAGATAACTACAT
CCCAGCCAACCCACTAAATACCCCTGCCACAGTAAACCAGAATGATACTTCTTATTCGCGTATGCCATC
CTACGATCCATCCCCAACAACCTTGGAGGAGTACTAGCCCTAGTCCCTATCTATCCTAATCCTAATTTCTTA
TACCCTTCTACACACATCAAAAACAACGAAGCATAATATTCGACCACTTAGCCCATGTATATTCTGACT
CTTAGTGGCGGACCTACTAACACTAGCCTGAATCGGCGGACAACCTGTTGAGCACCCATGTATTATCATC
GGCCACTTTGCATCCATCCTATATTTCTCCTCATCCTAGTTCTGATACCCATCATAAGCATTGTAGATA
ACCATCTCCTAAAATGAAGG

>Black Flying Fox cytochrome b

ATGACAAACATCCGCAAATCACACCCACTATTCAAAAATTATCAACGACTCACTGATCGACCTACCCGCCC
CATCAAGTATTTCTCATGATGAAACTTCGGCTCACTACTAGGCATCTGCCTAGCCATCCAAATCCTAAC
AGGACTATTTCCTAGCTATACACTACACTTTCAGACACAACGACCGCTTCCAATCCGTGACCCATATCTGC

CGAGACGTAAATTACGGATGAATTCTGCGTTATTTACATGCTAACGGAGCATCCATATTCTTCATCTGCC
TATTCTTACATGTAGGCCGAGGCCTCTACTACGGATCTTATATCTACAAAGAAACCTGAAACGTAGGTGT
TATTCTCTATTTGCGGTAATAGCAACAGCCTTCATGGGATACGTAATCCCATGAGGCCAAATATCATTCT
TGAGGGGCAACAGTCATTACCAATCTACTCTCAGCAATCCCTTATATCGGGACGAACTAGTAGAATGAA
TCTGAGGGGGATTCTCAGTAGACAAAGCCACCCTAACACGATTCTTCGCTTTCCACTTCTCTCTCCATT
TATCATCTCAGCCCTAGTTTTAGTCCACCTTCTCTTCTTCATGAAACCGGCTCGAACAAACCAACAGGA
ATCCCATCAGACTCAGACATAATTCCATTTACCCATATTACACAATCAAAGACATACTAGGCGCATTAG
CCATAGTCCCTAGCACTCTTAATATTAGTCTATTTTTCTCCGATCTCTCTGGGAGATCCAGACAACTATAT
CCCCGGCAACCCATTAAATACCCCTCCACACATTAAGCCAGAATGATATTTCTTGTTTCGCGTACGCCATT
TTACGATCTATCCCCAACAACTTTGGAGGAGTTCTAGCTCTAGTCTATCAATCCTAATCCTAATTCTAA
TGCCACTCTACACACATCAAACAACGAAGCATAATATTCGACCACTCAGCCAATGCATATTCTGACT
CTTAGTGGCCGACCTACTAACACTAACCTGAATCGGCGGACAACCCGTCGAACACCCATTTATCATTATC
GGCCAACTAGCATCTATCCTATATTTCTTCTTATCCTAGTCTCTGATACCTATTACAAGCATCGTAGAAA
ACCATCTCCTAAAATGAAGG

>Bumblebee Bat cytochrome b

ATGACTCACATTCGAAAATCTCACCCCTATTCAAATCTAAACGACTCCTTCATTGACCTACCTGCCC
CATCCAGCATTTCCTCATGATGAAACTTCGGCTCCCTCCTAGGAATTTGCCTAGGCGTACAGATCTTAAC
AGGACTCTTCTAGCAATACACTACACATCCGACACCGCAACCGCTTTCCTCAGTCACCCATATCTGC
CGAGACGTTAATTATGGCTGAGTCTACGCTACACCCACGCCAACGGAGCCTCTATATTTTTTATTGCC
TATTCTTTCATGTTGGCCGAGGTATCTACTACGGCTCATATACATACACAGAAACATGAAACGTAGGCAT
CATTCTACTATTTCGCTGTTATAGCAACCGCATTTCATAGGTTACGTCTTCCATGAGGACAAATATCCTTC
TGAGGAGCTACTGTAATTACCAACCTCCTCTCAGCCATCCCTTATATTGGCACAAACCTCGTAGAATGAG
TTTGAGGTGGCTTTTCCGTTGATAAAGCCACTCTCACCCGCTTCTTTGCCCTCCACTTCTTACTCCCATT
CATCATCGCCGCCCTAGTCATAGTCCACCTACTATTCTCCACGAAACTGGGTCCAACAACCCAAACCGGA
ATCCCATCCGACATAGATATAATCCATTCCACCCATACTACACAATCAAAGACATCCTAGGTCCTTATAA
TTATGATTATAGCACTCCTCACCTAGTCTTATTCTCACCCGACCTCTTAGGAGACCCCGACAATTACAC
CCCAGCAAACCCCTAAACACCCCTCCCATATTAACCAGAATGGTATTTCTATTCGCCTACGCTATT
CTACGCTCAATTCTTAACAACACTAGGCGGAGTGTAGCCCTAGTCTTATCAATCCTAATTCTAGCAGTCC
TCCCCTACTCCATACATCAAACAACGAAGTATAACCTTCCGCCCTCTTAGCCCAATGCCTATTCTGACT
TCTCGTGGCCGACCTACTAACACTAACCTGAATTGGAGGCCAACAGTTGAGCATCCCTTCATCGTTATT
GGCCAACTCGCCTCCATCCTATACTTCTCATTATCCTCGTTCTTATACCCCTAGCAGGAATTACAGAAA
ACCGCCTATTGAAATGAAGAGTCTCTGTAGTATATGCTATTACCCCGGCTTGTAAACCGAAAAAGAGAA
ACAACATTCTCAAAGACTTCAAGGAAGAAACATACAGTCCACCATCAACACCCAAAGCTGATATTCTA
CTTAAACTATTCTTGACCACTCTTATCAATAGACTTAAACACTCTCCCCTAACACACCCCTATTAAACA
CTCTCCCCTAACACACCCCTATTAAACTCTCCCCACCCATGTAAATTCGTGCATTATATTATGTACCA
CATACTTATATAGTACATATATGTATAATAGTACATTAAATTATATGCCCATGCTTATAAGCAAGTAC
ATATTATTATATATAGTACATAGTACATAACTGGATACGTACATAATATATATCTTCCCACGAAAGTGC
TCTATAACAGTCAATGTTTAGTTTTACATAGTACATAGATTCTTGGTTCGTACATACCCCAATTAAGTCAA
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GCAACCCCTTGGGAGACGTGTCCCTCTTCTCGCCCCGGGCCATCGATCGTGGGGGTTTCTAGTATTGGGG
TGTAACGACATCTGGTTCTTTCTTACGGGCCATCTCACCTAAAATCGCCTATTCTTTCTCTTAAATAA
GACATCACGATGGGTTCTGACTAATCAGCCCATGCCGACACATAACTGTGGTGTTCATGCCCTTTGGTATT
TTTAATTTTTTA

>Little Brown Bat cytochrome b

ATGACCAACATTCGAAAATCTCACCCCTAGTAAAAATTTAATTAACAGCTCATTATTTGACCTTCCCGCTC
CGTCAAACATCTCATCCTGATGAAACTGTGGGTCCCTCCTAGGAATCTGTCTAGCATTACAAATCCTAAC
AGGACTATTCTTAGCCATACTACACATCAGATACTGCAACAGCCTTCAACTCTGTCACCTCATATTTGT
CGAGATGTAAACTATGGCTGAGTCTACGCTATTTACATGCAAAACGGAGCTTCCATATTTTTTTATTGCC
TATATCTTACGTAGGGCGAGGTCTCTATTATGGGTCTACATATATACAGAAACCTGAAATATTGGAGT
TATCCTACTATTTGCGGTAATAGCAACAGCTTTCATAGGATACGTAATCCATGGGGCCAAATATCCTTC
TGAGGGGCAACCGTAATTAATAATTTACTCTCTGCAATCCATATATTTGGAACAAACCTAGTAGAATGAA
TCTGAGGTGGATTCTCTGTTGACAAGGCTACCTTAACCCGATTCTTTGCTTCCACTTCTTACTCCCATT
TATCATTGCAGCCATAGTCATAGTTTACCTATTATTTCTACACGAAACAGGATCTAATAACCCAAACAGGA
ATTCCTGCCAACGCAGATATAATCCCTTTACCCCTACTATACAATTAAGATATTCTCGGCTTGCTAT
TAATGATCACAGCTCTGCTCACTCTAGTACTATTTTCCCTGACTTACTAGGAGATCCTGACAAATTATAC
ACCAGCCAATCCATTAAATACTCCCCCCACATCAAACCAGAGTGATACTTTCTATTTCGCATACGCAATT
TTACGATCAATTCCAAATAAACTGGGAGGAGTACTAGCCCTAGTGTATCAATTTCTTATCTTAGTTATTG
TCCCCCTACTCCACACCTCCAAACAACGCAGCATAACCTTCCGTCCTTAAGTCAATGCCATTCTGACT
ATTAACAGCGGACCTTTTTACTCTAACATGAATTGGAGGTCAACCTGTGCAACATCCCTACGTTATCATT

GGCCAAC TAGCATCAATCCTCTATTTCTCAATTATCATTATCCTAATACCACTTACCAGCCTAATAGAAA
ATCACCTATTAAAATGAAGA

>Common Pipistrelle cytochrome b

ATGACAAACATTCGAAAATCCCACCCCCTGATCAAAATCATCAATAACTCATTGATCTACCA
GCTC
CATCAAACATTTTCAGCATGATGAAATTTTGGGTCCTACTAGGCATCTGTTTGGGACTACAAATCC
TAAC
GGGCTTATTTCTTGCTATACACTACACATCAGACACAGCAACCGCCTTCAGCTCCGTTACTCACA
TCTGT
CGAGATGTGAATTACGGATGAGTTCTACGATATCTACACGCAAATGGAGCCTCTATATTTTTTATT
TGCC
TATACCTGCACGTGGGACGAGGCCTTTACTACGGATCCTACTTATTTAAAGAAACCTGAAACATA
GGGGT
TGTTTTACTATTTGCTGTGATAGCAACAGCCTTCATAGGCTATGTCCTACCATGAGGCCAAATATC
TTTT
TGAGGAGCTACTGTAATCACTAATCTACTTTCTGCAATTCCGTACATCGGAACTGACCTTGTTGAA
TGAA
TTTGAGGCGGATTCTCTGTGGATAAAGCTACCTTAACCCGATTCTTCGCCTTCCATTTCTCTCC
CATT
TATTATTTAGCCTTAGTCATAGTTCACCTTCTATTTTTACATGAAACAGGATCTAATAACCCAACA
GGC
ATCCCCTCTAATATAGACATAATCCCCTTCCATCCATATTACACAATCAAGGATATTCTAGGACTC
TTTA
TAATGATCCTTGTCTTATTATCTCTAGTCCTATTCTCACCTGATATATTAGGCGACCCTGATAATTA
TAC
ACCAGCAAACCCACTTAGTACTCCCCCTCACATTAACCAGAATGATACTTCTTATTTCGCATATGC
AATC
TTACGATCAATTCCTAACAAATTAGGAGGAGTCCTAGCCTTAGTTCTTTCTATCCTTATCCTTGTA
TCA
TCCCATTCTCCACACATCCAAACAACGAAGTATAACTTTCCGCCCTCTCAGTCAGTGTATTCT
GACT
TTTAAACAGCAGACCTTCTAACCTTAACATGAATTGGAGGACAACCGGTTGAACACCCTTATGTCAT
CATT
GGCCAAT

>Brown Long-Eared Bat cytochrome b

ATGACCAACATTCGAAAAGTCTCACCCCCTTATAAAAAATTATCAATAACTCACTCATTGACTTACCTGCC
CCTCAAATATTTTCATCATGATGAAAATTCGGATCTCTTCTGGGCATCTGCCTGGCGCTACAAATTCCTAAC
AGGACTTTTCTTAGCCATACATTACACATCAGATACCACAACAGCCTTCAGTTCTGTCCACCCATATTTGC
CGAGACGTGAACTATGGCTGAGTACTACGATACCTTCATGCCAATGGAGCTTCTATATTTTTTCATTTGCC
TTTATCTACATATTGGCCGAGGCCTATACTACGGATCCTACCTGTATATAGAGACTTGAAACGTAGGTGT
CATTCTACTATTTCGCCGTTATAGCCACTGCCTTTATAGGATACGTGCTCCCATGGGGCCAAATATCTTTT
TGAGGAGCAACCGTAATCACTAACTTACTATCTGCAATCCCATATGTGGAACAAACCTCGTCGAATGGA
TCTGAGGCGGATTTTCCGTAGATAAAGCCACATTAACCCGATTCTTCGCATTCCACTTCTTATTTCCCTT
TATCATCTCTGCCATGTTTATAGGGCACCTCTTATTTCTTCACGAAACTGGATCTAATAACCCAACAGGA
ATCCCCTCTAACATAGATATAAATTCCTTTTCATCCTTATTACACAATTAAGACATCCTAGGCCCTTCTAG
TAATAATCATAAGCCTCCTGGCCTTAGTCTTATTCTCTCCAGACATGCTAGGAGATCCTGACAACTACTC
CCCAGCCAACCCACTCAATACCCCCCTCATATCAAACCAGAGTGATACTTCTTATTTGCATACGCAATT
CTACGATCAATCCCTAATAAACTAGGCGGAGTACTTGCTCTAGTACTTTCAATCTTAATCCTCATTATCA
TCCCCTCCTCCATACCTCTAAACAACGTAGCATAACCTTTTCGTCCCCTCAGCCAATGCATATTTCTGACT
ATTAGTAGCAGACCTCCTAGCCCTAACATGAATTGGAGGACAACCAGTCGAACACCCATATATTTATT
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ACCGCCTGTTAAAATGAAGA

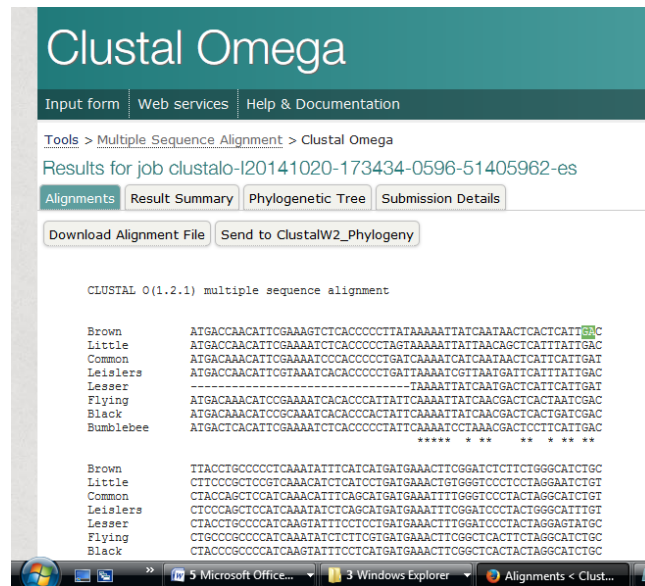
>Leislars Bat cytochrome b

ATGACCAACATTCGTAATCACACCCCCTGATTAATAATCGTTAATGATTCATTTATTGACCTCCCA
GCTC

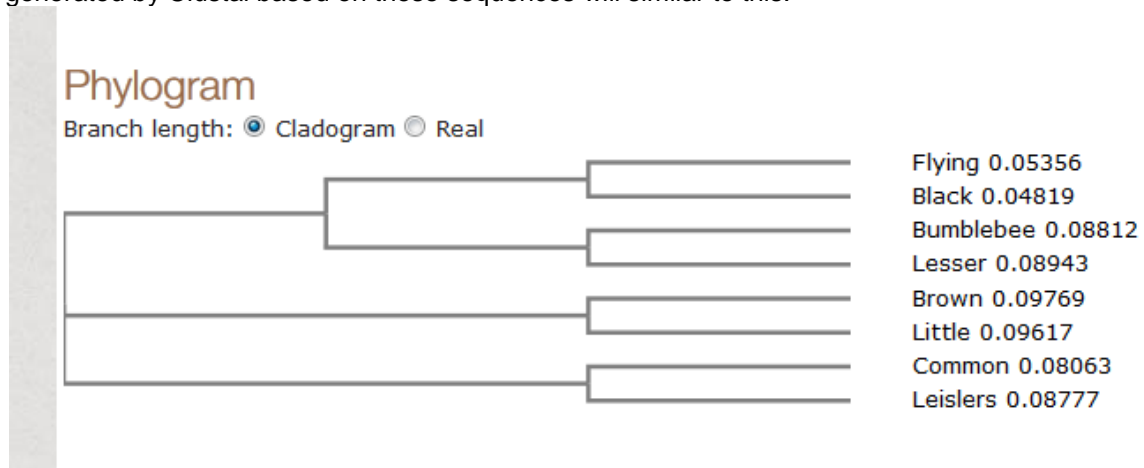
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TAAC
AGGTCTATTTCTCGCCATACACTACACAGCAGACACAGCAACCGCCTTTAACTCTGTAACCCACA
TATGC
CGAGACGTAAACTATGGCTGGGTTTTACGATATTTGCACGCAAACGGGGCTTCTATGTTTTTTATT
TGCC
TTTATTTGCATGTAGGCCGGGGCATTACTACGGATCCCTACTTATATAAAGAACTTGAAATATAG
GAGT
AATTTTATTATTTCGCTGTAATAGCAACAGCATTTCATAGGATATGTATTACCATGAGGCCAAATATC
ATTT
TGAGGAGCTACTGTAATTACCAACCTACTTTCCGCAATCCCATACATTGGAACAGATCTTGTTGAA
TGAA
TCTGGGGCGGATTTTCCGTAGACAAAGCTACTCTAACTCGATTTTTTCGCCTTTCACTTCCTCCTCC
CTTT
TATTATTTAGCTTTAGTTATAGTCCACCTCCTATTCTTACATGAAACAGGGTCTAATAATCCGACA
GGT
ATTCTTCTAACATAGATATAATCCCCTTTACCCCTATTATACAATCAAAGATATTCTAGGTCTTT
TCA
CCATACTTCTTGATTACTGTCTTTAGTCCTCTTCTCACCTGACATACTAGGAGATCCTGATAACT
ATAC
CCCAGCAAACCCACTCAGCACCCCTCCTCATATCAAACCAGAATGATACTTCTTATTTGCATACG
CTATC
CTACGATCAATCCCCAACAACTAGGTGGAGTCCTAGCACTAGTCCTCTATTCTCATCCTCATT
ATCA
TCCCTTTCTTACACCTCTAAACAACGCAGTATAACTTTTTCGCCCTTTAGCCAATGCCTATTCT
GACT
CTTAACAGCTGATCTTTTAACTTTAACATGAATTGGAGGACAACCAGTTGAATATCCTTATGTAATT
ATC
GGACAACTAGCCTCCATCTTATACTTTCTGATTATCATCGTAATTATACCTCTAGCTAGTCTAATAG
AAA
ACCATTTATTAATGAAGA

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phylogenetic tree. After you submit your search job by pasting the cytochrome b sequences from all 8 bat species, after few minutes you will see the following screen presenting the sequence alignment.



You can access the Clustal phylogenetic tree by clicking on the 'Phylogenetic tree' tab. The tree generated by Clustal based on these sequences will similar to this:



As you can see, the Clustal tree is similar, but not exactly the same as the more refined model from the syllabus book, which was generated using more specialized programme MEGA 6. Make students aware that Clustal tree is only a guide tree and more sophisticated programmes/methods are advised for construction of a reliable phylogenetic tree