APA Referencing Style
APA Referencing Style

What is it?

Academic writing requires the author to support their arguments with reference to other published work or experimental results/findings. A reference system will perform three essential tasks:

- Enable you to acknowledge other authors ideas and thereby avoid plagiarism.
- Enable a reader to quickly locate the source of the material you refer to so they can consult it if they wish.
- Indicate to the reader the scope and depth of your research.

The American Psychological Association (APA) style is a widely used referencing system to help you achieve these objectives.

How do I use the Systems?

The APA style involves two tasks:

- How you refer to other authors in the body of your text (in text citation).
- How you compile a list of reference sources at the end of your text (reference list).

Below is a list of some common citation types along with examples of how they are laid out within the APA referencing style guidelines.

Notation guide

REF = reference list

ITC = in text citation

Book with one author

REF: Author Last name, Initials (Year). Title. Place of publication: Publisher.


ITC:

- Author Last name (year, page no)
- (Author Last name, year, page no.)

Example:
- Carson (1998, p.54) argues
- Another approach (Carson, 1998, p.54) highlighted....

**Book with more than one author**

REF: Author Last name, Initials & second author Last name, Initials. (Year). *Title*. Place of publication: Publisher.


ITC:
- (First author Last name and second author Last name, year, page no)
- First author Last name and second author’s Last name (year, page no)

Example:
- Hogg and Vaughan (2008, p.32) argue....
- As argued elsewhere (Hogg and Vaughan, 2008, p.32)....

N.B. If there are seven or more authors you may use the first author’s Last name and et al. (e.g. Hogg et al., 1981) for an in text citation but you must list all authors in the reference list.

**Book with a corporate author**

REF: Name of corporate author (Year). *Title*. Place of publication: Publisher


ITC:
- Name of corporate author (year)
- (Name of corporate author, year)

Example
- Economic and Social Research Institute (2008) highlight research....
• Research (Economic and Social Research Institute, 2008) highlighting other trends....

**Book with an Editor**

REF: Editor(s) Last name, Initials (Ed.). (Year). *Title*. Place of publication: Publisher.


ITC
• Editor(s) last name (year, page no)
• (Editor(s) Last name, year, page no)

Example
• Among the proposals in Booth (1994)
• Others (Booth, 1994) also proposed...

**Chapter in an edited book**

REF: Author(s) Last name, Initials. (Year) Title of chapter. In authors Initials, Last name (Ed.), *Title of book* (pages of chapter). Place of publication: Publisher.


ITC:
• Author(s) Last name (year, page no)
• (Author(s) Last name year, page no)

Example
• Villa (2000, p.46) argues....
• Another view (Villa, 2000, p.46) points out....
Print Journal article


ITC:

- Author(s) Last name (year, page no)
- (Author(s) Last name year, page no)

Example

- Eisenberg (2000, p.60) took a different approach
- Another approach (Eisenberg, 2000, p.60) shows

E-journal article


ITC:

- Author(s) Last name (year, page no)
- (Author(s) Last name year, page no)

Example

- Bosari and Carey (2000, p.730) show
- A different approach (Bosari and Carey, 2000, p.730) shows....

Print Newspaper article

REF: Author(s) Last name, Initials. (Year Month Day of publication). Article title. Newspaper title, Volume and/or Issue number (if applicable), pp. page numbers.

**ITC:**
- Author(s) Last name (year)
- (Author(s) Last name, year)

**Example**
- Dempsey (2003) wrote that
- An article (Dempsey, 2003) appeared at the time....

**Online Newspaper article**

**REF:** Author(s) Last name, Initials. (Year Month Day of publication). Article title. *Newspaper title*. Retrieved from URL


**ITC:**
- Author(s) Last name (year)
- (Author(s) Last name, year)

**Example**
- Kelly (2010) wrote that....
- An article (Kelly, 2010) appeared at the time....

**Website/page on a website**

**REF:** Author(s) Last name, Initials. (Date published if available; n.d.--no date-- if not). Title of article. *Title of web site*. Retrieved date. From URL.


**ITC**
- Author(s) Last name (year)
- (Author(s) Last name, year)

**Example**
- Gambill (2011) argues....
- Another approach (Gambill, 2011) suggests....

**Blogs**

**REF:** Include the title of the message and the URL. Please note that titles for items in online communities (e.g. blogs, newsgroups, forums) are not italicized. If the author’s name is not available, provide the screen name.


**ITC**

- Author(s) Last name (year)
- (Author(s) Last name, year)

**Example:**
- Dean (2008) showed that
- In another post (Dean, 2008) it was argued....

**Interviews, email, and other personal communication**

No personal communication is included in your reference list. Instead cite in the main text only:

- communicator's name
- phrase "personal communication,"
- date of the communication.

**Example:** (P. Jones, personal communication, March 4, 2010).
Government agency or other organization publication

REF: Name of agency. (Year). Title. (Series information). Place of publication: Publisher.


ITC:

- Name of agency (year)
- (Name of agency, year)

Example

- According to the Department of Environment (1994)
- Official figures released (Department of Environment, 1994) show that....

Parliamentary and legal material

REF: Title, source and section number if applicable, (year of publication).


ITC

- Name of the act (year)
- (Name of the act, year)

Example

- Legislation (Human Rights Commission Act, 2000) covering the area....

EU publications

REF: European Union, Name of EU agency. (Year), Title of publication. Retrieved from/Place of publication.

ITC:

- Name of institution (year)
- (Name of institution, year)

Example

- European commission for the Environment statistics released at the time (2009)
- An EU white paper (European Commission for the Environment, 2009)....

Conferences

REF: Author(s) Last name, Initials (Year). Title of paper. In Editor(s) Initial, Last name (Ed.) Title of conference proceedings (Page numbers). Place of publication: Publisher.


ITC:

- Author(s) Last name (year)
- (Author(s) Last name, year)

Example

- Jones (2010) argued....
- Another participant (Jones, 2010) argued....

Theses


ITC

- Author Last name (year)
- (Author Last name, year)
Example

- Moore (2001) argues....
- Another approach (Moore, 2001) argues....

Audio-visual material

REF: Producer(s) Last name, Initials (Producer) & Director(s) Last name Initials. (Year) Title [Motion picture]. Place of production: Production company.


ITC: (Director’s surname, year)
Example: In this film (Tarantino, 1994) he sought to....

EndNote is a software application that allows researchers store and manage all references in one place. It is available via Software for U and the Library runs regular introductory and advanced training sessions.

- Users can record, store and manage references in hundreds of citation styles.
- Users can add references manually or search and download directly from online databases and library catalogues.
- EndNote Cite While You Write features allows users to insert citations easily and creates bibliographies automatically in Microsoft Word

More information about Library support for Endnote is available on our website\(^1\).

\(^1\) http://www.ucd.ie/library/endnote