



Lyons Systems Research Herd Notes

Background: It is widely recognised that grass-based systems offer a competitive advantage and will predominate in Ireland. However, grazing systems that have been developed to utilise large quantities of grazed grass have in the main been based on low-output per cow. In this scenario, high levels of profitability are possible through avid cost control and comparatively high stocking rates for grazing systems. There are now reasons to consider the development of grazing systems that are based on high-output per cow. These reasons include (i) concerns about increasing dairy cow numbers and environmental emissions, (ii) facilitating farm expansion post EU-milk quota removal for land limited and fragmented farms, (iii) lack of available skilled labour on farms to deal with expanding animal numbers. The rationale for this research is that a high output grass-based spring milk production system can be profitable when built on a foundation of good grassland management and meeting both milk and fertility targets and has a place in a sustainable Irish dairy industry. For more details on the High Output Systems Research Herd visit <https://www.ucd.ie/agfood/about/lyonsresearchfarm/lyonsdairyherd/>

Lyons Systems Research Herd Notes Week 01/07/2019

Farm Details:

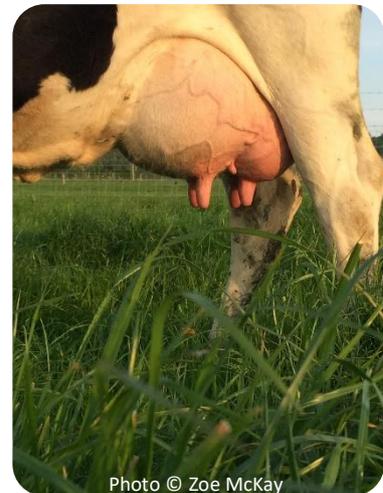
Area available: 15.42 ha (2.17 ha reseeding)
Current Stocking Rate (MP): 3.76 LU/ha
Farm Cover: 570 kg DM/ha
Cover/LU: 152 kg/LU
Growth Rate: 92 kg DM/ha/day
Demand: 68 kg DM/ha/day
Average Concentrate Supplement: 4.0 kg/hd/day
Average DIM: 132 days
Milking cows: 58

Current Daily Feed Budget: Cows are being allocated 18 kg DM of grass and an average of 4.0 kg of a high energy concentrate. From now until the start of the last rotation, half of the group will be fed an 18% crude protein concentrate while the other half will be fed a 14% concentrate. Estimated grass intakes last week were 17.7 kg DM/hd/day.

Grassland: The current AFC is 570 kg DM/ha (range 50 to 1384 kg DM/ha). Average daily growth rate was 92 kg DM/ha this week and grass DM was 16.8% on average. We mowed out a paddock (0.9 ha) today (Monday the 1st of July) that had a cover of 2122 kg DM/ha, it was added to the farm second cut pit silage. The yield of the 2nd cut of silage harvested this week was at 5794 kg DM/ha (11.4 ton/ac fresh weight).

Milk Production: Average production is currently 28.7 kg/cow at 3.65% fat and 3.43% protein (2.03 kg MS). SCC is 47,000. Fat, protein and SCC figures are based on milk recording results from the 19th of June. Milk production from this time last year was 25.5 kg/cow at 3.84% fat and 3.31% protein (1.82 kg MS).

BCS: A BCS assessment was carried out on Thursday the 4th of July. The herd average BCS was 2.91 and 5.1% of the herd (3/58) was thin ≤ 2.5 BCS. No cows were fat (≥ 3.5).





Breeding Season 2019: The breeding season started on Monday 29th of April and will continue for 12 weeks. The results so far are as follows in the table below. So far 11 cows have repeated.

	% of cows submitted
Week 1	42% (24/57)
Week 2	84% (48/57)
Week 3	95% (54/57)
Week 4	100% (57/57)

Breeding is all by A.I. and is being done twice daily. Bulls being used across the herd are as follows: FR4513 (Ballygown Albert), FR2460 (Nextgen PHC Eimer 557), FR2298 (Olcastletown Ronaldo), FR4600 (Clorane Dandyman), FR4481 (Monabroque Ebony), OTS (Ballintosig Ring O), FR4378 (Monamore Riptide), FR5085 (Lars-Acres Super Nerd), FR4379 (Ballydehob Adam), FR2035 (Crefogue Spider), and FR4187 (Westcoast Persus).

The weighted EBI averages of these bulls are as follows:

EBI €	Milk S.I	Fert S.I	Calv €	Beef €	Maint €	Mmgt €	Hlth €	Milk kg	F kg	P kg	F+P kg	F%	P%
282	107	106	55	-7	3	8	10	235	18.2	15.4	33.6	0.15	0.13

These bulls were selected based on high milk production and components, while maintaining high fertility. Eleven bulls were selected to increase bull team reliability. Heat detection is being done using Moo Monitors, scratch cards and crayons.