



Prof. Alessandro Benati

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE DUBLIN, IRELAND

specializes in research on the theoretical framework known as Input Processing, and particularly its pedagogical model Processing Instruction. His another research interest is the effects of formal instruction on the acquisition of linguistic properties in romance and non-romance languages.

Prof. Joe Barcroft

WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY IN ST. LOUIS, USA

investigates vocabulary acquisition, lexical input processing, and psycholinguistic approaches to different issues in second language acquisition. He is the author of several scholarly books and many research articles in in top journals.

Prof. Michael Leiser

FLORIDA STATE UNIVERSITY, USA

focuses on the area of instructed second language acquisition, second language comprehension, and input processing, and sentence processing in second language learners and bilinguals.

THE COMMUNICATIVE MANIFESTO FOR CONTEMPORARY LANGUAGE TEACHING

ACCORDING TO SCIENCE

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Language, Input & Communication

LANGUAGE UNLIKE RULES

Language is complex, abstract, and it is not learned explicitly.

COMMUNICATION UNLIKE Q/A PARADIGMS

Communication is the interpretation, expression and negotiation of meaning in a context and with a purpose for language exchange.

INPUT AS THE BASIC INGREDIENT

The basic data for language learning is comprehensible and meaningful input.

Task-Based Language Learning

TASKS OVER DRILLS

Language tasks and not exercises should form the backbone of the language curriculum.

INTERACTIVE OVER MECHANICAL TASKS

Communicative and interactive language tasks can facilitate language learning.

THE TARGET OVER THE FIRST LANGUAGE

The use of the target language in the classroom should be maximized.

MINIMUM, INDIRECT, AND IMPLICIT ERROR CORRECTION

Vocabulary Learning & Focus on Form

VOCABULARY IS LEARNED, WHEN IT IS

- meaning-oriented,
- comprehensible,
- multi-level,
- frequent,
- and repeated over time.

A FOCUS ON GRAMMAR SHOULD

- include both a focus on form and a focus on meaning.
- be on effective pedagogical interventions (e.g., input flood, textual enhancement, structured input).